REMARKS

This response is submitted in reply to the Office Action mailed February 21,

2007. Claims 1-22 presently stand rejected. Claims 1, 10 and 17 are amended and claim

2 is canceled without prejudice. New claims 23-25 have been added. Claims 1 and 3-25

remain pending in the application. Entry of this amendment and reconsideration of the

pending claims are respectfully requested.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

Claims 1-22 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over

various combinations of US Patent No. 5,862,314 to Jeddeloh ("Jeddeloh"), US Patent

No. 6,189,111 to Alexander et al. ("Alexander"), US Publication No. 2003/0154392A1

to Lewis ("Lewis"), US Patent No. 5,592,616A to Finch et al. ("Finch"), US Publication

2003/0177129A1 to Bond et al ("Bond") and Wikipedia. In particular, claims 1-4, 8-12

and 16-18 are rejected as being unpatentable over *Jeddeloh* in view of *Alexander*; claims

5, 6, 14 and 20 are rejected over *Jeddeloh* in view of *Alexander* in further view of *Lewis*;

claim 7 is rejected over Jeddeloh in view of Alexander in further view of Finch; claims

13 and 19 are rejected over Jeddeloh in view of Alexander in further view of Bond; and

claims 15 and 21 are rejected over *Jeddeloh*, *Alexander*, *Lewis* and Wikipedia. Finally,

claim 22 is rejected over Jeddeloh in view of Alexander in further view of Wikipedia.

"To establish prima facie obviousness of a claimed invention, all the claim

limitations must be taught or suggested by the prior art. All words in a claim must be

Attorney Docket No.: 42P18116 Application No.: 10/748,502 Examiner: Wilson, Yolanda L. Art Unit: 2113

considered in judging the patentability of that claim against the prior art." M.P.E.P. §

2143.03.

Amended independent claim 1 now recites in pertinent part, "the system software

component being a portion of a system software loaded in memory and including

instructions loaded from a firmware device during a pre-boot phase of the

computer system that persist into the OS runtime of the computer system."

In the rejection of claim 2 in the Office Action mailed February 21, 2007, the

Office Action acknowledges that Jeddeloh fails to explicitly state the above limitation of

a system software component including instructions loaded from a firmware device

during a pre-boot phase of the computer system that persist into the operating system

runtime of the computer system (page 3, February 21, 2007 Office Action). The Office

Action relies on Alexander to cure this deficiency, citing column 6, line 54-column 7,

line 4 and column 3, lines 1-6. Applicants have reviewed the cited portions of Alexander

and found that the former section describes table 30 of nodes 12(a) - 12(d), while the

latter describes memory objects or other data structures. Applicants have not been able

to find any reference to the above limitation. Thus, the references, as Applicants

understand them, fail to disclose a system software component including instructions

loaded from a firmware device during a pre-boot phase of the computer system that

persists into the OS runtime of the computer system.

Amended independent claim 1 is nonobvious for at least a second independent

reason. Amended independent claim 1 recites in pertinent part, "wherein the system

software that includes the system software component independently performs the

9

Attorney Docket No.: 42P18116 Application No.: 10/748,502 Examiner: Wilson, Yolanda L.
Art Unit: 2113

detecting of the faulty portion of memory and the relocating of the system software

component."

Applicants respectfully direct the Examiner to Figs. 1B-4 and accompanying text

in the Applicants specification which describe the above limitations. Also note page 8,

lines 1-9 which specifically describes the self-relocation performed by the system

software.

In rejecting claim 1, the Office Action mailed February 21, 2007, acknowledges

that Jeddeloh fails to explicitly state a system software component and relocating the

system software component. The Examiner relies on Alexander as disclosing the

limitation and cites column 6, line 54-column 7, line 4; column 8, lines 16-25. The

Office Action characterizes critical information resources of Alexander as Applicants'

claimed "system software component."

Applicants respectfully disagree. However, even if the Examiner were correct in

the characterization above, which Applicants do not concede, Alexander would still fail

to meet the above limitation because Alexander simply does not teach wherein the

system software that includes the system software component independently

performs the detecting of the faulty portion of memory and the relocating of the

system software component.

Note that Alexander teaches that one or more processing nodes 12a-12d that

include a computer including a CPU, memory and processor interface may forward

memory objects or "critical information resources" of a failed node to a non-failed

processing node (see col. 2, lines 60-65). Alexander does not teach that system

10

Attorney Docket No.: 42P18116 Application No.: 10/748,502 Examiner: Wilson, Yolanda L.

Art Unit: 2113

software that includes the "critical information resources" forwards the

characterized "critical information resources" to a non-failed node.

Instead, Alexander teaches a different mechanism for what the Office Action has

characterized as "relocating" of critical information resources. For example, Alexander

teaches that separate software from that associated with any "critical information

resources" is responsible for the recovery operations. Such software is called "active

harvesting software" and Alexander teaches that such software must be kept separate

from any failure (see col. 7, lines 12-20, "the software that controls active resource

harvesting needs to reside in a region of memory that is protected by hardware from

software faults elsewhere in the system...). Thus, the active harvesting software itself or

components thereof, cannot be located in a faulty memory portion, in order for the

invention of Alexander to function.

Furthermore, even if the active harvesting software included the system software

component, which Applicants do not concede, the active harvesting software cannot

according to the teachings in Alexander, independently perform the detecting of the

faulty memory portion and relocating of the system software component.

Alexander therefore cannot disclose, teach or suggest the recited combination

which includes "relocating the system software component from the faulty portion of

memory to a safe portion of memory, wherein the system software that includes the

system software component independently performs the detecting and relocating of

the system software component."

Consequently, the combination of Jeddeloh and Alexander fail to teach or

suggest all elements of claim 1, as required under M.P.E.P. § 2143.03. Independent

claims 10 and 17 include similar nonobvious elements as independent claim 1.

Accordingly, Applicants request that the instant §103(a) rejections of claims 1, 10 and

17 be withdrawn.

The dependent claims are nonobvious over the prior art of record for at least the

same reasons as discussed above in connection with their respective independent claims,

in addition to adding further limitations of their own. Accordingly, Applicants

respectfully request that the instant §103 rejections of the dependent claims be

withdrawn.

Claim Rejections – 35 U.S.C. § 101

Claims 10-16 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 101. The Office Action mailed

February 21, 2007 objects to the machine-readable media limitation of claim 10 because

Applicants' specification states that machine-readable medium may include propagated

signals such as carrier waves. Accordingly, independent claim 10 has been amended to

recite, "a tangible machine-readable storage medium including a plurality of

instructions..." Applicants therefore respectfully request that the instant 35 U.S.C. § 101

rejections be withdrawn from independent claim 10 and its corresponding dependent

claims.

New Claims

New independent claim 23 recites:

23. A method, comprising:

Attorney Docket No.: 42P18116 Application No.: 10/748,502 Examiner: Wilson, Yolanda L.

12

setting a memory error detector including an error correction code (ECC) during a pre-boot phase of a computer system;

generating a system management interrupt (SMI) when the error detector detects a faulty portion of memory in the computer system during an operating system (OS) runtime, the faulty portion having stored a system software component in a System Management Random Access Memory (SMRAM) region of memory, the system software component including instructions loaded from a firmware device during a pre-boot phase of the computer system that persist into the OS runtime of the computer system; and

relocating the system software component from the faulty portion of memory to a safe portion of memory during a System Management Mode (SMM) of the computer system, the relocating the system software component including:

finding a safe portion of memory within the SMRAM;
moving the system software component to the safe portion of memory;
and

updating a system software memory manager to indicate the system software component is located at the safe portion of memory.

Note that Figs. 2-4 of the Specification and accompanying text describe the method combination above.

Jeddeloh is directed to a system and method for remapping defective memory locations. Alexander is directed to resource harvesting in scalable fault tolerant, single system image clusters. Finch is directed to a method for performing efficient memory testing on large memory arrays using test code executed from cache memory. Lewis is directed to a secure system firmware using interrupt generation on attempts to modify shadow RAM attributes. Bond is directed to an extensible loader. Applicants submit

Attorney Docket No.: 42P18116 13 Examiner: Wilson, Yolanda L. Application No.: 10/748,502 Art Unit: 2113

that none of the references disclose the above method combination of new claim 23.

Dependent claims 24-25 have also been added. Applicants respectfully request

consideration of claims 23-25.

CONCLUSION

In view of the foregoing amendments and remarks, Applicants believe the

applicable rejections have been overcome and all claims remaining in the application are

presently in condition for allowance. Accordingly, favorable consideration and a Notice

of Allowance are earnestly solicited. The Examiner is invited to telephone the

undersigned representative at (206) 292-8600 if the Examiner believes that an interview

might be useful for any reason.

Attorney Docket No.: 42P18116 Application No.: 10/748,502 Examiner: Wilson, Yolanda L.
Art Unit: 2113

14

CHARGE DEPOSIT ACCOUNT

It is not believed that extensions of time are required beyond those that may otherwise be provided for in documents accompanying this paper. However, if additional extensions of time are necessary to prevent abandonment of this application, then such extensions of time are hereby petitioned under 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a). Any fees required therefore are hereby authorized to be charged to Deposit Account No. 02-2666. Please credit any overpayment to the same deposit account.

Respectfully submitted,

BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN LLP

Date: May 21, 2007

Linda Zachariah Reg. No. 48,057

Phone: (206) 292-8600

Attorney Docket No.: 42P18116 15 Examiner: Wilson, Yolanda L. Application No.: 10/748,502 Art Unit: 2113